Map Number	Location	Key Characteristics	Potential Demonstration Value	Demonstration value for Partners (Name of Organisation)	Research	Possible interventions or infrastructural works	Policies and training programmes
1	Flaggy Shore	 Within the Galway Bay Complex Special Area of Conservation SAC (000268) and is also part of the Galway Bay Special Protection Area (SPA). Infrastructural issues surrounding coastal erosion; access to beach (including access for disabled people), undermining local access road, erosion of farm land, etc. The water tables in this area contain both fresh and sea water. On the proposed Wild Atlantic Way, and chosen as a Geopark site and trail; providing information on geology, biodiversity and heritage attractions. Good combination of natural and heritage sites of interest. Becoming increasing popular with visitors and adverse visitor impacts can be especially felt during 	Addressing Climate Change issues, interactions between visitors and locals, capacity and disabled access A case study for dealing with coastal erosion, water quality & management, capacity, disabled access; producing a visitor management strategy & policy balancing conservation with promotion (Wild Atlantic Way and Geopark) and access and visitor awareness of local living requirements, in collaboration with landowners, local representatives elected by the community and local businesses engaged with the B1 programme.	Please include in this column the items your organisation wishes to address and the opportunities your organisation sees for adding value as a demonstration site. Please ensure that you address both the conservation and the tourism objectives of the LIFE programme.	Please include in this column any research that has been carried out to date or may be required to develop a management and monitoring plan for these locations that address both the conservation and tourism objectives of the LIFE project	Please include in this column any potential interventions or infrastructural works that have been carried out to date or may be required to develop a management and monitoring plan for these locations that address both the conservation and tourism objectives of the LIFE project	Please include in this column any existing policies and training that you are aware of that should be considered and incorporated into the LIFE programme, again addressing both conservation and tourism objectives.

	1				
		warm weather and long			
		weekends. Immortalised in			
		a Seamus Heaney poem.			
		The lack of designated			
		parking areas poses			
		problems and there are			
		regular instances of people			
		camping and lighting fires			
		at points along the shore.			
		Tensions sometimes arise			
		between locals driving to			
		their homes and visiting			
		pedestrians on the narrow			
		coast road.			
		A number of local			
		businesses are involved in			
		Burren Ecotourism			
		Network.			
		A group of local			
		representatives, elected at			
		a public meeting, have			
		been working with the			
		Geopark on access issues			
		and the development of			
		the Geopark trail and are			
		willing to collaborate on			
		any work undertaken with			
		LIFE			
2	Blackhead	Located in the Blackhead	Addressing increase in		
	/Fanore	Poulsallagh Complex SAC	capacity and visibility in		
	,	(000020). Fanore sand	an existing highly visible		
		dune is listed as Annex 1	location		
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	under the EU Habitat				
	Directives. Fanore Dunes is	Case study for a holistic			
	owned in part by Clare	assessment of, and			
	County Council. Land has	response to, all aspects			
	been purchased for	influencing the			
	parking areas along	conservation and			
	Blackhead. Agreement	promotion a location of			
	with landowners on access	<u>existing high</u> heritage			
	for trails at Blackhead.	and tourism value and			
		addressing the			
	On the R477 coast road,	opportunity and			
	voted one of the top 10	challenge of increased			
	scenic drives in Europe by	visibility and capacity			
	the Automobile	through the Wild			
	Association. Earmarked as	Atlantic Way			
	a key route in the Failte	programme; producing a			
	Ireland Wild Atlantic Way	visitor management plan			
	programme. A popular	& policy with the			
	amenity area, used by	collaboration of			
	swimmers, surfers, rock	landowners and local			
	climbers, fishermen,	businesses engaged with			
	walkers and cyclists.	the B1 programme that			
	Popular summer	considers all of the			
	home/caravan/house	criteria outlined in			
	rental location.	appendix 1.			
	Issues relating to traffic	Addressing the issue of			
	congestion, erosion, illegal	direct interventions and			
	parking, severe littering,	restoration			
	building mini-dolmens and	Also a case study for			
	cairns and, in the process,	balance restoration with			
	damage the limestone	preservation; how to			
	pavement, a priority	decide how much direct			
	habitat under the EU	intervention is required			
	Habitats Directive. The	to stabilise a habitat or			
	dunes have been subject	monument, and what			
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		to serious erosion over	methods must be		
		recent years from both	employed to prevent		
		natural and human	future deterioration and		
		pressure. Measures to	visitor impacts.		
		combat erosion have been			
		implemented under the			
		Burren Connect project,			
		which need to be assessed.			
		Several types of cultural			
		monuments; cairn, stone			
		fort, deserted villages,			
		some of whom are heavily			
		impacted by visitors. A			
		number of popular walking			
		routes and a cycling route			
		promoted by Shannon			
		trails and the Geopark;			
		trailheads at Fanore Dunes			
		and village.			
		A number of local			
		businesses are involved in			
		Burren Ecotourism			
		Network.			
3	Ballyreen	The presence of fine	Addressing difficult		
	/Doolin	examples of Burren	access issues and		
		habitats makes this area,	integration of		
		part of the Blackhead	programmes in a highly		
		Poulsallagh Complex SAC	visible area		
		(000020), of international			
		scientific interest.	A case study for		
		Poulsallagh is also listed as	appropriate responses to		
		a site of international	increasing visitor		
	1				

r		<u>г</u>		I
	eological/geomorphologic	expectations in a highly		
	importance by the Irish	visible and protected		
	eological Heritage	area where agreed		
	rogramme. Possibly one	access, capacity and		
of	f the most scenic and	visitor management are		
	ccessible locations along	major issues.		
th	ne proposed Wild Atlantic			
W	/ay.	Also a case study on the		
		integration of a range of		
	oulsallagh is mainly held	separate development		
	commonage, and has	programmes (Wild		
	istoric difficulties with	Atlantic Way, Cliffs Walk,		
-	greeing access and	Geopark projects, local		
	anagement issues	conservation projects,		
	etween council/SD and	Ecotourism Network		
	wners. The area suffers	activities) into a cohesive		
	reatly from visitor impact;	plan for an area.		
	is a popular stopping off			
	rea for coach tours,			
	amper vans, fishermen,			
	ock climbers, walkers and			
	m crews. The removal of			
	one walls, littering,			
	rosion, fires and human			
	aste are issues that			
	equire urgent			
m	anagement.			
	oolin and its surrounds is			
	ne most heavily visited			
	rea in the Burren. Aside			
	om the pubs and music,			
	ne area has several			
	atural and cultural			
	eritage locations and			
at	ttractions. Doolin will be			

	r				1	1
		the trailhead for a Geopark				
		walk and for the Cliffs of				
		Moher walk, and is also a				
		cycle hub for the region. A				
		section of the coast near				
		the pier is a Geopark site.				
		A Court Tomb is located on				
		the outskirts of Doolin				
		village and is easily				
		accessed from the road				
		and the shore. A local				
		heritage group are				
		undertaking the				
		conservation of a Medieval				
		parish church and				
		graveyard.				
		8				
		A number of local				
		businesses are involved in				
		Burren Ecotourism				
		Network.				
4	R480	This route runs through	Addressing route			
		the centre of the Burren	development and			
		and has an array of	dispersal of visitors			
		prominent attractions and				
		natural/cultural locations	A case study for the			
		adjacent to it; Leamaneh	development of a route			
		Castle, Sheshymore	that addresses dispersal			
		Pavement, Carran Church	of visitors, capacity,			
		and Meggah Depression,	planning, impacts,			
		Caherconnel Fort,	access, facilities, signage			
		Poulnabrone Dolmen,	and visitor management			
		Ballyallaban viewing point,	in a holistic way			
		Cahermore, Aillwee caves	involving landowners,			
L	L			1	1	1

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		and An Rath. A number of	businesses and agencies.		
		the sites are located within			
		Moneen Mountain SAC			
		000054.			
		Some of these locations			
		are well managed, others			
		have issues with access,			
		conservation and			
		interpretation. They are a			
		mix of public and private			
		ownership. Background			
		research and some			
		planning have been done			
		on car parking for An			
		Rath/Cahermore, and			
		conservation/access issues			
		on Carron Church.			
		on carron church.			
-	Devel en				
5	Roughan	The area proposed is	Addressing local		
	Hill	between Leamaneh Castle	community		
	/Kilinaboy/	junction and Dysert O'Dea,	participation and		
	Dysert	taking in Kilinaboy and	ownership		
	O'Dea	Corrofin. Parts lie within			
		The East Burren Complex	A case study for an		
		SAC 001926.	approach to an area rich		
			in heritage value with		
		It contains the Roughan	active, well organised		
		•	local community groups		
		Hill complex of	willing to participate in a		
		archaeological	balanced approach to its		
		monuments, Kilinaboy	conservation and		
		Early Christian and			
		Medieval monuments,	promotion.		
		deserted villages, holy			
		wells, traditional			

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farming feature			
Corrofin visitor of	centres		
and Dysert O'De	a		
Archaeological (Complex.		
Geopark walking	g trails		
are currently be			
developed arou			
Kilinaboy, Corro			
Dysert O'Dea wi			
groups.			
0.000			
The area also has	a		
community centre			
out of which seve			
groups operate w			
dedicated to the	ecording		
and conservation	of local		
history and cultur			
genealogical cent			
museum, archaec			
trail and the visito			
for the Burren Na			
Park. The area h			
varied archaeolo	-		
cultural and farr			
landscape which			
been researched			
documented by			
anthropologists			
archaeologists,			
botanists, geolo	gists and		
local mapping g	roups.		
A number of local			

		humin and an investor 12		ſ	
		businesses are involved in			
		Burren Ecotourism			
		Network.			
6	Lough	Lying within the East	Addressing the		
	Bunny	Burren Complex SAC	development of a		
		(001926) Lough Bunny and	relatively quiet location		
		surrounding area is	on a key access route		
		adjacent to the Burren	and its impact on local		
		National Park. The Lough	economy and society		
		itself has very high water			
		quality ratings.	A test case for the		
			development of visitor		
		Adjacent to the Lough is a	amenities in an		
		small parking area with	undeveloped location of		
		picnic tables and an	high natural and		
		interpretative panel.	heritage value.		
		Access to the Lough shore	Developed as a baseline		
		is across the road, through	indicator for other		
		Commonage lands. The	undeveloped areas,		
		owners of the commonage	measuring the impacts		
		are in principle supportive	on local communities,		
		of developing more	land owners, and		
		managed access to the	businesses from a		
		lake.	startup position.		
		lanci			
		The Lough shore and			
		surrounding lands are			
		subject to erosion, littering			
		and minor vandalism is a			
		problem.			
		The proposal to create a			
		Geopark trail in the area			
		has brought up issues			

	relating to the challenges and opportunities of developing an amenity in an area with little visitor services. The Geopark Office has met with local people several times on this issue, many of whom are willing to work with the LIFE programme.			
7 Slieve Carran Nature Reserve	Lying within the East Burren Complex SAC (001926), the Nature Reserve is owned and managed by the National Parks and Wildlife Service. It is in an area where the roads are narrow, where there is little habitation and no adjacent visitor services.The nature reserve has trails and a number of archaeological features, the most popular being St. Mac Duagh's church and holy well. It is becoming increasingly popular as an attraction, placing the monument and its surrounds under pressure. The trails are also being impacted. Monitoring the	Addressing the development of publicly owned sites in vulnerable locations A test case for policy surrounding the development, monitoring, management and promotion of vulnerable locations in public ownership in relatively inaccessible and undeveloped areas in terms of tourism infrastructure.		

GEOPARK LIFE LOCATIONS LIST

would like to see addressed.			